

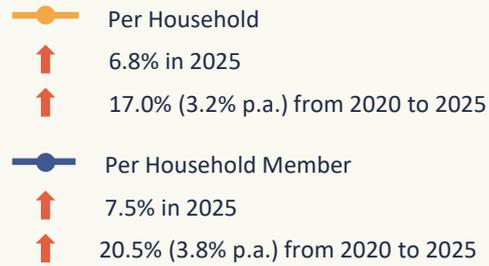
KEY HOUSEHOLD INCOME TRENDS 2025



Median Monthly Household Market Income Grew in Both Nominal and Real Terms



Change Over the Years After Adjusting for Inflation

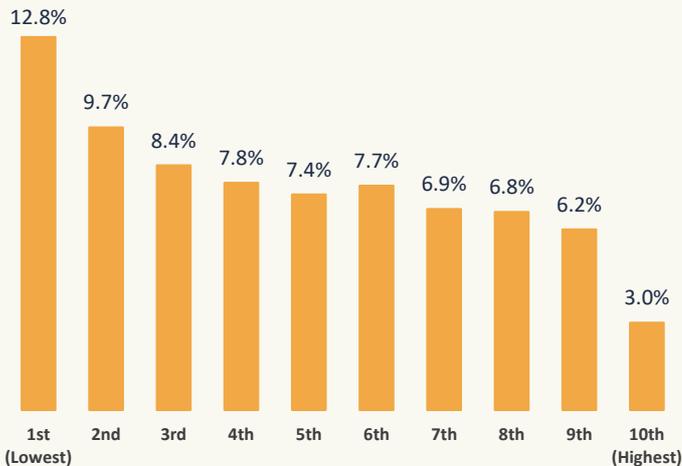


Notes:

- The dollar values in the chart are not adjusted for inflation.
- Median household income refers to the household income in the middle of the income distribution, i.e., half of the households have higher income than the median household income and half have lower income than the median household income.
- Market income comprises income from employment (including one-twelfth of annual bonuses and employer CPF contributions) and non-employment (e.g., investments, rental, regular payouts from CPF and insurance) sources.

Average Monthly Household Market Income Per Household Member Increased Across All Income Deciles

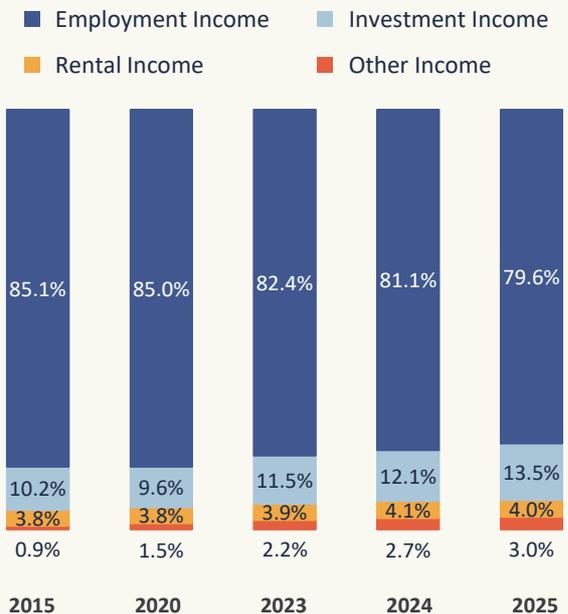
Change in 2025 After Adjusting for Inflation



It is notable that some resident households in the lowest income decile owned a car (5.5%), employed a domestic worker (19.8%), lived in private property (6.7%) or were resident households comprising solely non-employed persons aged 65 years and over (49.3%) in 2025. Not all households are consistently in the same decile group from one year to the next.

Employment Income Remained as Primary Income Source Despite Declining Share

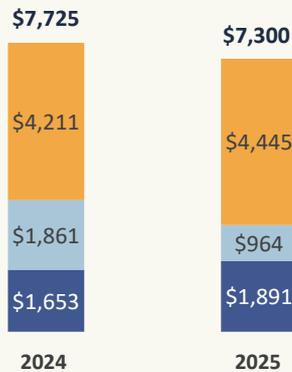
Distribution of Monthly Household Market Income Per Household Member Among Resident Households by Income Source



Government Transfers Continued to Provide Support to Households

Average Annual Government Transfers Per Household Member

- Transfers In-Kind
- Ad-hoc Government Contributions
- Regular Government Contributions



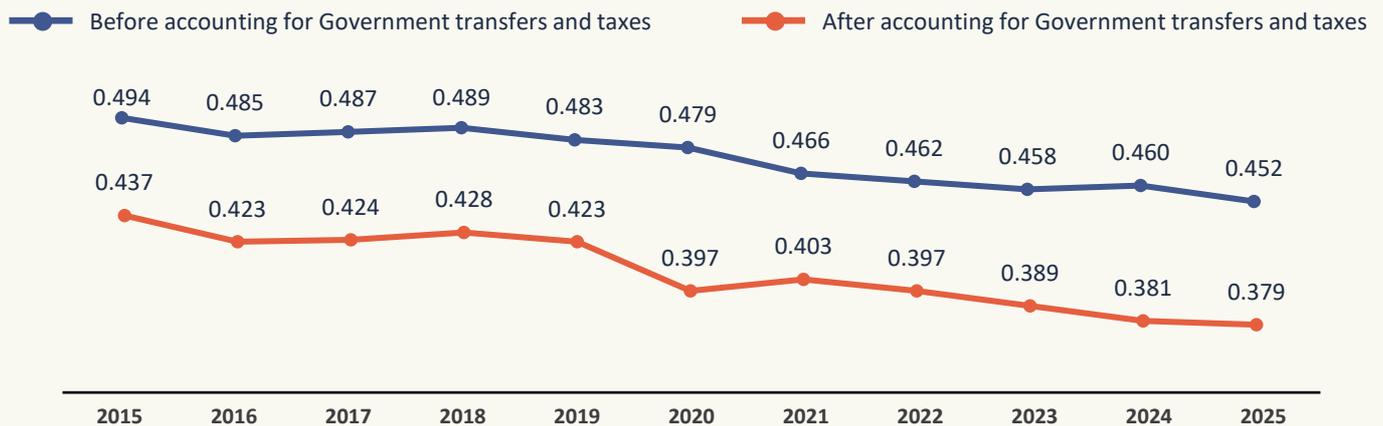
Households Up to the 7th Income Decile Received More Government Transfers Than Taxes Paid

Average Annual Government Transfers and Taxes Per Household Member by Deciles

- Government Transfers
- Government Taxes



Household Market Income Inequality Fell to Its Lowest Since 2015



Components of Monthly Household Market Income



- Notes:
- Contributions from other households, pension, annuities, royalties, regular payouts from insurance, i.e., Central Provident Fund (CPF) ElderShield and CareShield Life.
 - Recurring cash disbursements, top-ups or rebates (e.g., Workfare Income Supplement).
 - One-off disbursements (e.g., CDC Vouchers).
 - Value of in-kind benefits through subsidised services or goods (e.g., Education Subsidies).

Note: Data for 2025 are preliminary.



Scan to explore a dashboard on [household income](#).



Scan to watch a video on [Understanding The Gini Coefficient](#).



Scan to understand more on [median household income](#).